Mentoring Skills for Faculty Who Supervise Medical Students and Residents in Research

LESLIE LACONTE, PHD DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH EDUCATION, VTCSOM 13 SEPTEMBER 2016 CARILION CLINIC RESEARCH SERIES SPONSORED BY THE OFFICE OF CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT



Session Objectives

- Define the **responsibilities** of research mentors and mentees.
- Recognize the **resources** necessary for effective mentoring.
- Implement strategies for **maintaining effective communication** as a research mentor.
- Implement strategies for **assessing understanding** in a research mentee.
- Implement strategies for **fostering independence** in a research mentee.



Sources

- Many ideas come from an excellent resource for mentors:
 - http://www.researchmentortraining.org/intro/index.aspx
 - Research Mentor Training is housed within the Wisconsin Center for Education Research at the School of Education, University of Wisconsin-Madison.
- Additional references provided on last slide



• Guide a trainee's professional development



Guide a trainee's professional development

- Technical skills
- Professional skills
- Time management

administrative

departments

institutions

Working with:

offices

- Networking opportunities
- Research ethics
- Mentor, not friend



Guide a trainee's professional development

- Technical skills
- Professional skills
- Networking opportunities
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Scientific integrity

Ethics of human or animal research



Guide a trainee's professional development

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Effective communication

Assessing understanding

Fostering independence

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- Guide a trainee's professional development
- Provide an environment conducive to meeting a trainee's (and mentor's) goals



Provide an environment conducive to meeting a trainee's goals

- VTCSOM graduation requirement?
- Residency requirement?
- Publication?
- Presentation?







Provide an environment conducive to meeting a trainee's goals

• Mentorship style ("hands-off" vs. directive)

- Resources
 - × More on this in a few slides



Image: Robin Davis Design

Appropriate **environment** will differ for each trainee <u>and</u> project

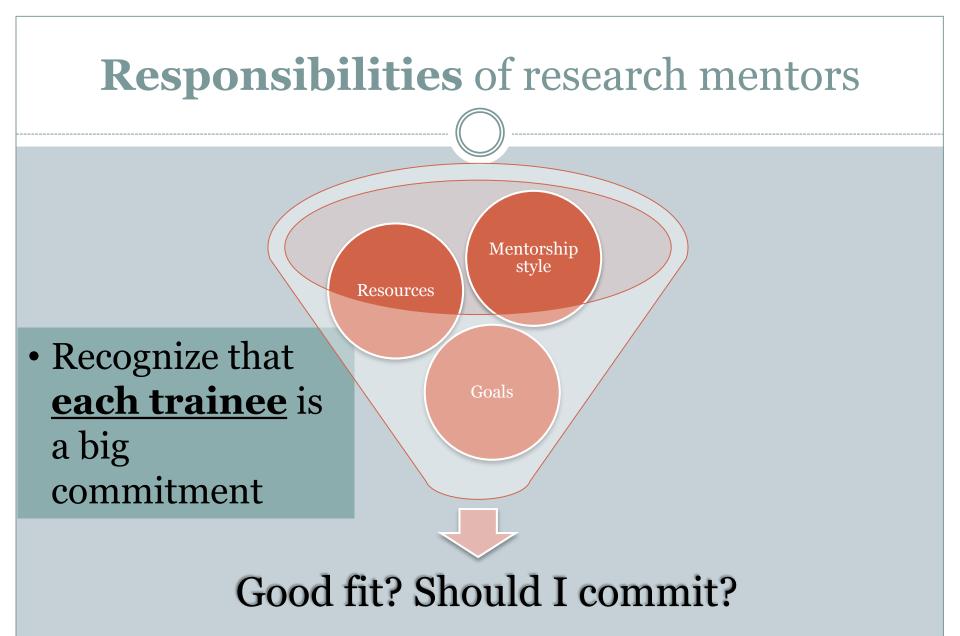




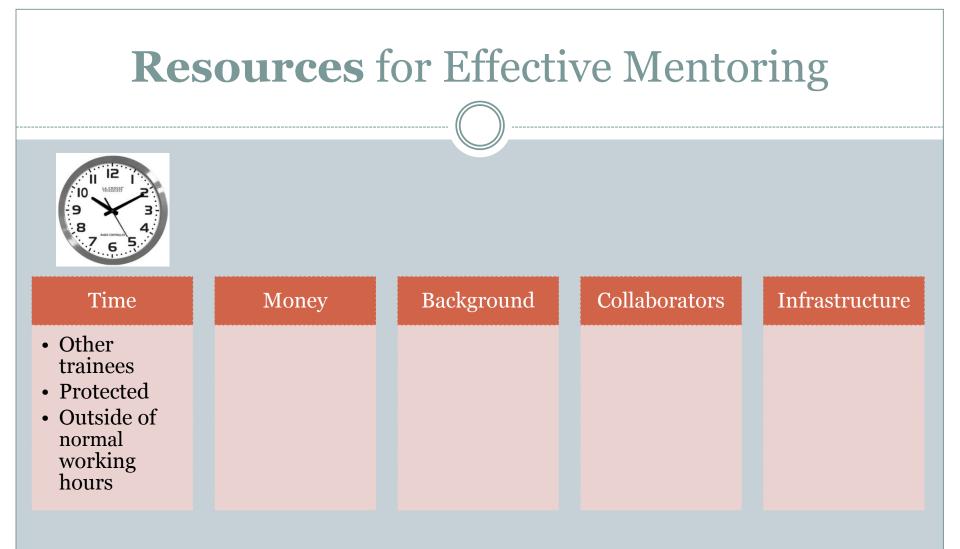
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- Guide a trainee's professional development
- Provide an environment conducive to meeting a trainee's goals
- Recognize that <u>each trainee</u> is a big commitment















Resources for Effective Mentoring



Time

- Other trainees
- Protected
- Outside of normal working hours



Money

- Supplies
- Data collection
- Analysis
- Grant writing
- Travel
- Publication
 expenses



BackgroundCollaboratorsInfrastructure• Knowledge of
research area• Sommitment
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new question• Sommitment
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• Knowledge of research area

• Commitment to reading literature for new question



Collaborators

Broaden background

- Provide expertise
- Mentorship team

Infrastructure



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Collaborators

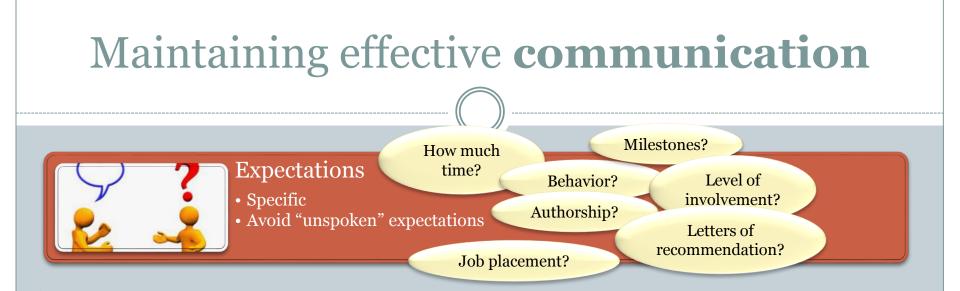
- Broaden
 background
- Provide expertise
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Infrastructure

- Tangible (space, equipment)
- Intangible (e.g., research SOPs, organizational connections)











Maintaining effective **communication**

- Expectations
 - Specific
 Avoid "unspoken" expectations

Feedback

- Concrete and preferably actionable
- Positive and negative
- Prompt



Modality

- Texts? Email? Through an assistant?
- Planned? Spontaneous?
- Frequency?



Maintaining effective **communication**

• Specific

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• Avoid "unspoken" expectations



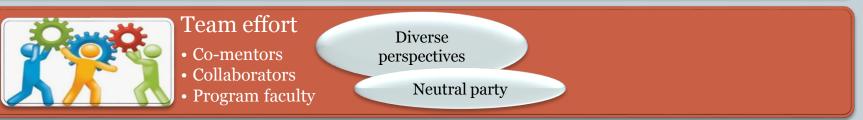
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Assessing understanding

 How do you know if your trainee understands something?

Which question do you frequently use when checking your trainee's understanding?

- 1) Does everything make sense?
- 2) Do you have any questions?
- 3) Is there anything else you need from me?
- 4) What do you hope to accomplish before we meet again?

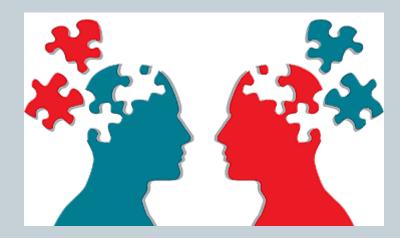


Assessing understanding

Immediately

• Ask trainees to describe in their own words:

- × the content of a meeting
- × the goal of the project
- × the analysis to be done





Assessing understanding

• After reflection

o Written form

- × Summary of a meeting
- × Flowchart of next steps
- × Outline of research goals
- Oral presentation to appropriate group
 - × "lab" meeting
 - × research interest group
 - × collaborators
- Reading the literature
 - × Does the trainee identify relevant literature?
 - Can they come prepared with a list of questions related to the literature they've read?



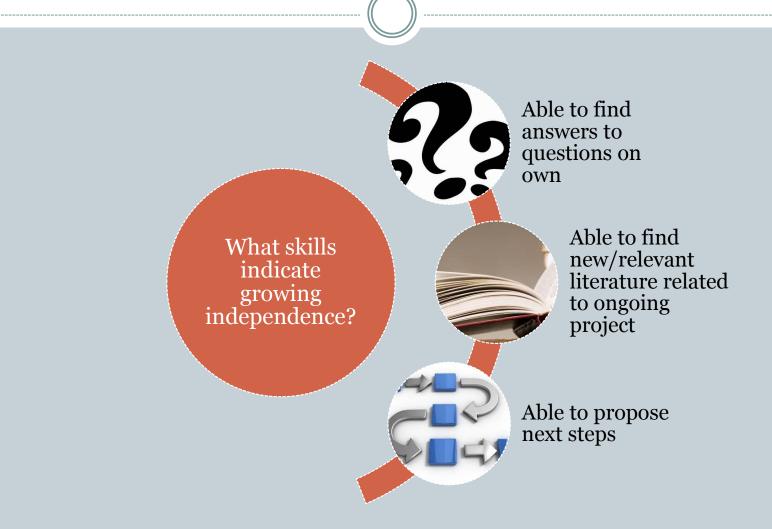






What skills indicate growing independence?







Assess the trainee's developmental level appropriately

Early

Propose next stepsSet up meeting with collaborators

Mid

Identify appropriate conferencesOutline paper, IRB proposal, grant

Mature

- •Write paper with input from mentor and collaborators
- •Write funding proposal
- •Develop project for a more junior trainee and lead the mentoring effort
- •Establish/lead journal club or research interest group



- How do you foster independence?
- How do you determine WHY a trainee constantly asks for advice or guidance?
- Can you give a trainee too much independence? How do you know?



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References

- <u>http://www.researchmentortraining.org/intro/index.aspx</u>
- "Entering mentoring"
 <u>https://www.hhmi.org/sites/default/files/Educational%2</u>
 <u>oMaterials/Lab%20Management/entering_mentoring.pd</u>
 <u>f</u>
- Making the Right Moves: A Practical Guide to Scientific Management for Postdocs and New Faculty, 2nd edition, Chapter 5, "Mentoring and Being Mentored." <u>http://www.hhmi.org/programs/resources-early-career-scientist-development/making-right-moves</u> (Burroughs Wellcome Fund & Howard Hughes Medical Institute)

